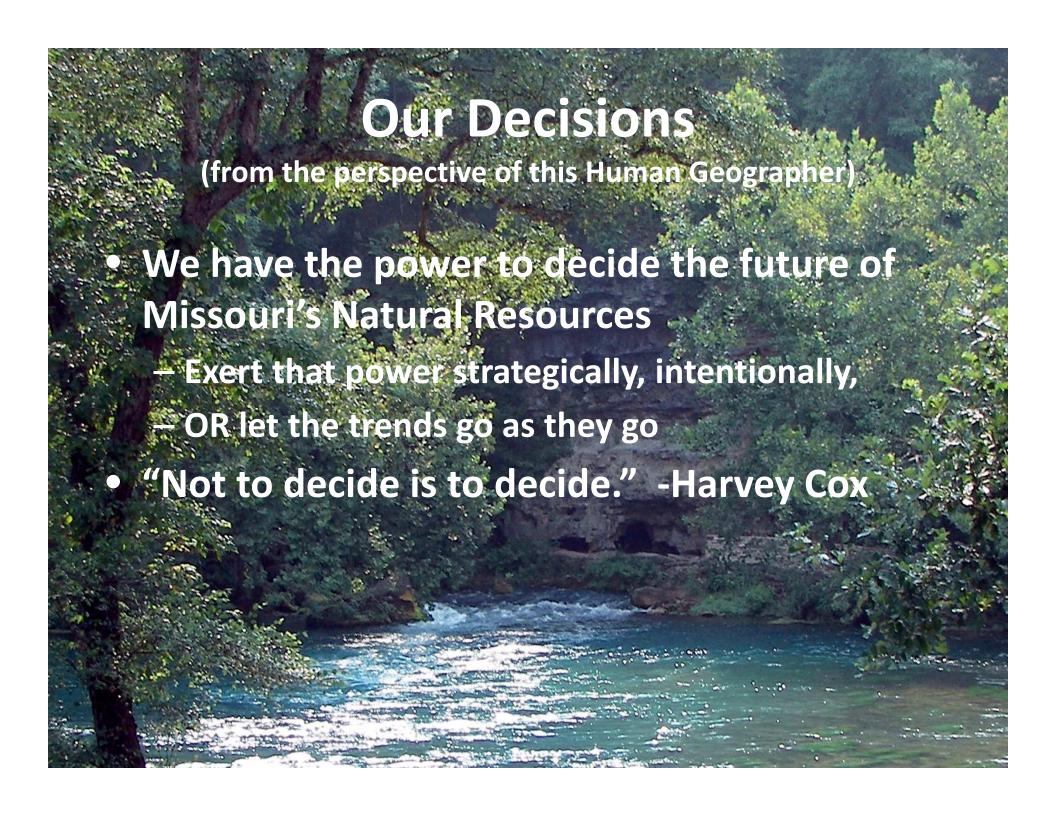
Missouri; Past, Present, and Future:

Human-Environmental Interaction in the Cultural Landscape of Missouri





Larry G. Brown, Ph.D.
University of Missouri, Columbia
Department of Geography



Our Decisions

- We have the power to decide the future of Missouri's Natural Resources
 - Exert that power strategically, intentionally,
 - OR let the trends go as they go
- "Not to decide is to decide." -Harvey Cox

The Situation

Our contemporary Human Condition

Population

Increase

Urban

Coastal

Economic Disparities

Global differences

Widening gap between wealthy and poor

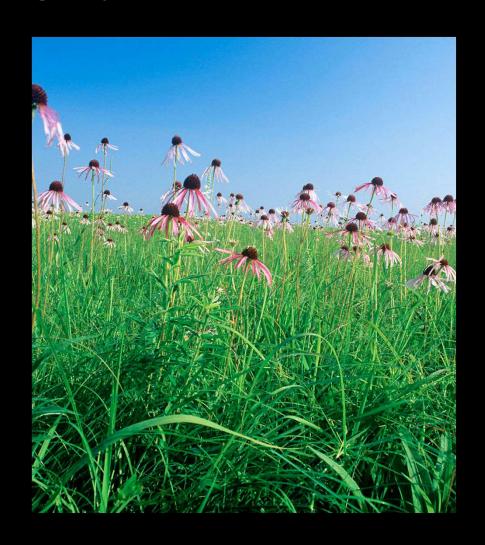
Costs of living/health rising

Impacts:

- Water Systems
 - Quantity/Quality; life. . .
- The Land
 - Forest to Forage; human settlement; agricultural systems (GMO or organic?). . .
- Biomes
 - Species at risk; plastic. . .
- The Atmosphere
 - Energy use (fossil fuels? carbon?); climate change. . .

Three Assumptions I make, as a Geographer:

- 1. Humans modify the physical landscape
- 2. Human culture determines what is a natural resource
- 3. There are many possible variations for natural resources



1. Modifying the Physical Landscape



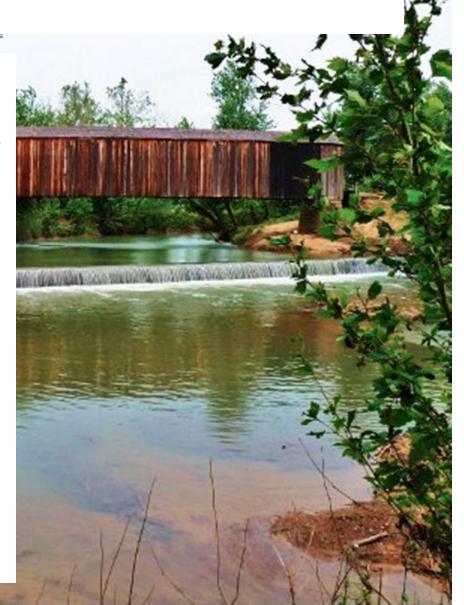
The ecological systems we now have are products of thousands of years of
 Human-Environmental Interaction

- Humans modify the "natural"
 - No idyllic past
 - Societies modified their landscapes
 - Degrees of modification
 - All places are modified by human culture
 - Cultural Landscape
- Which creates
 - -SENSE OF PLACE
 - and momentum



2. Culture Determines Resources

- Specific, particular societies choose what is a resource, subject to changes in:
 - Perceptions
 - Values
 - Needs
 - Availabilities
 - Technology
 - Etc.



3. Many Variations in Resources

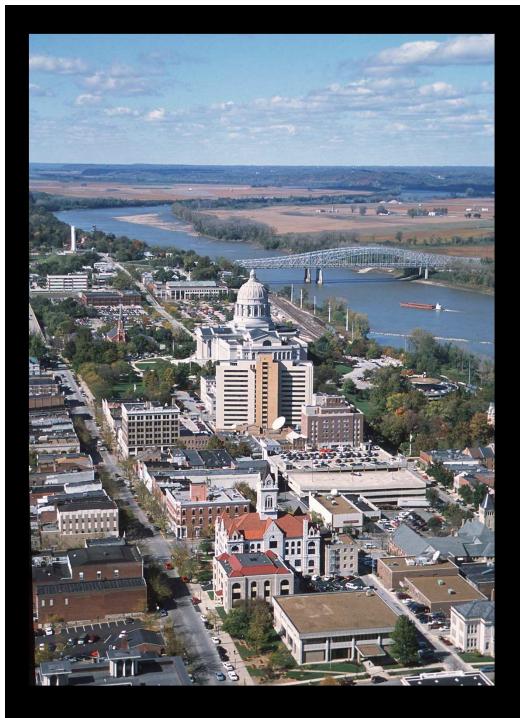
- Some resources are:
 - Finite
 - Renewable
 - but can be depleted
 - Or less at risk of depletion
 - Keystone significantly effect whole system
 - Yet to be "discovered"
 - Forgotten, neglected,
 deemed not worthy



We "Follow" the Resource



- Resources defined for food, shelter, and tools
 - Water, Soil
 - Plants and Animals
 - Metals and Minerals
- Location
 - Site (physical attributes)
 - Situation (access and mobility)
- Subject to changes
 - Climate, Soil,Plants/Animals
 - Human Intervention



It's A Complex World After All

Our Recent Missouri Sense of Place and Momentum - Choosing which Plants, Animals, Minerals. . .



Livestock

Native Americans, e.g.

- Propensity to populate and manipulate:
- Clovis species depletion
- Cahokia urban environment
- Semi-nomadic gathering and hunting; sedentary agriculture
- Relocation Diffusion

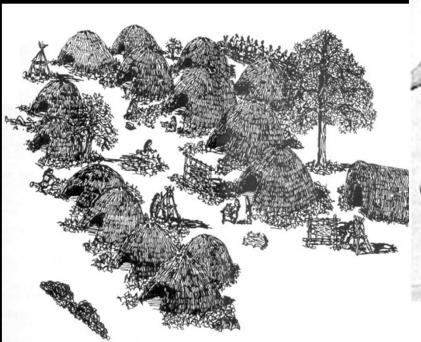


But early was mostly HARVESTING Flora, Fauna, Minerals/Metals

Gathering vegetation

Hunting animals

with limited Trade





Osage People

Then, Agriculture

- Selective Domestication
- Intensity of Production
- And the Arrival of Europeans





A New Age Began for Missouri (in scale, density, & distribution)



- Fur Trade
- Shifting balance of prairie and woodlands
- Cultivation
- Manipulation of water and soil
- Mining

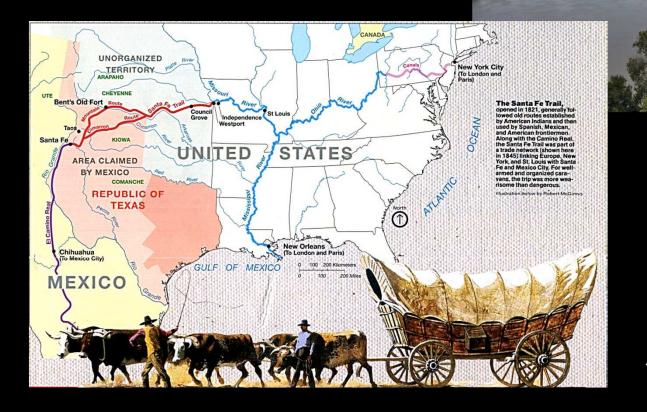
Europeans In Missouri

- Regional Variation
 - River Lowlands
 - Prairie Plains and Hills
 - Upland Woodlands
- Ethnic variation
 - French trap, trade, mine
 - Scots-Irish diversity in subsistence
 - Native removal
 - German agriculture and industry, urban and rural
 - African slavery
 - 20th Century diversity
- Interlocking themes of economics, politics, religion, etc. create sense of place and change the cultural landscape



History of Trade Networks

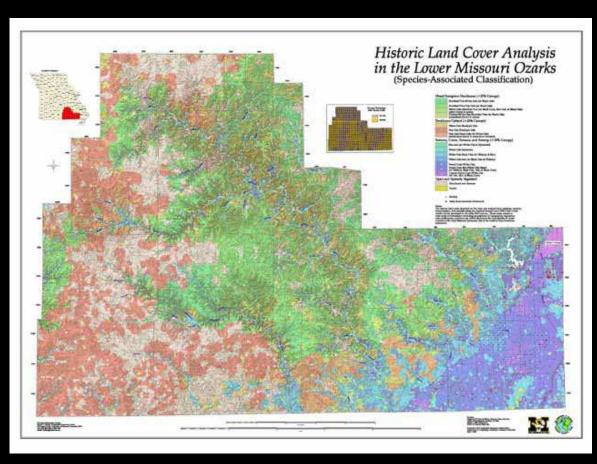
Rivers and Trails



Mississippi and Missouri

Trails West and Southwest

MORE – the experience of Abundance

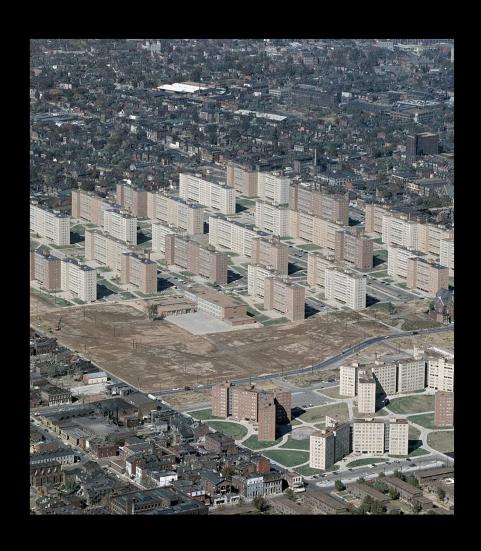


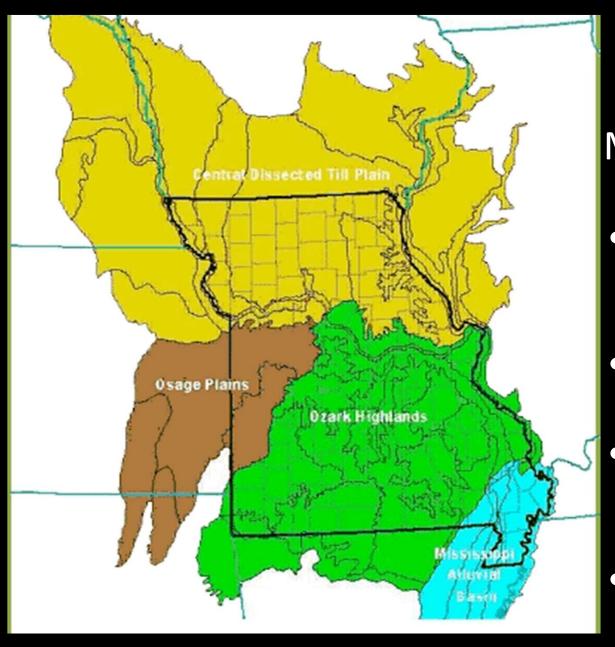
- Water
- Soil
- Temperate, Moist
- Vegetation and Wildlife
- Access and Mobility
- Dispersed Human Population



Resulting in Dramatic Reconstruction

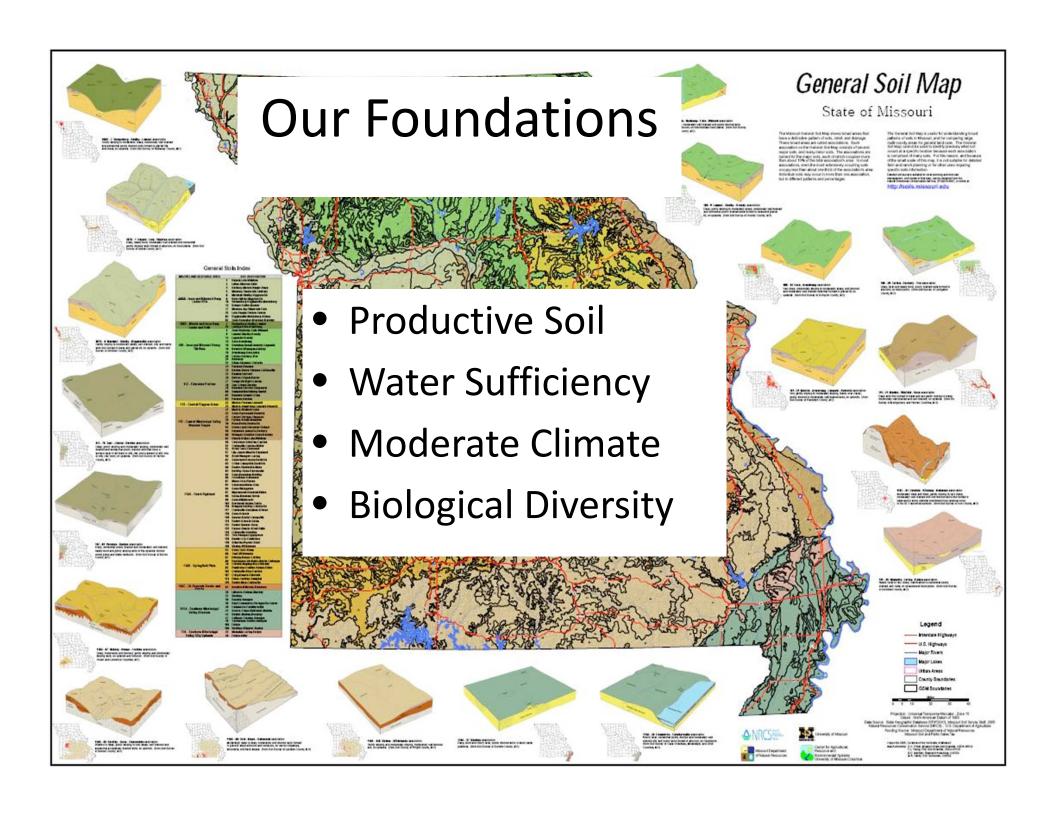
- In only 300 years
- The Ecosystems modified:
 - Scale
 - Depletion
- Consumption
- Infrastructure
- Occupation/Settlement





Our Context: the strength of Missouri Diversity

- In the Middle
 - East, West,North, and South
- Exaggerated by human migration
- Balance?
 - Resource independence?
- Once was. . .then became. . .



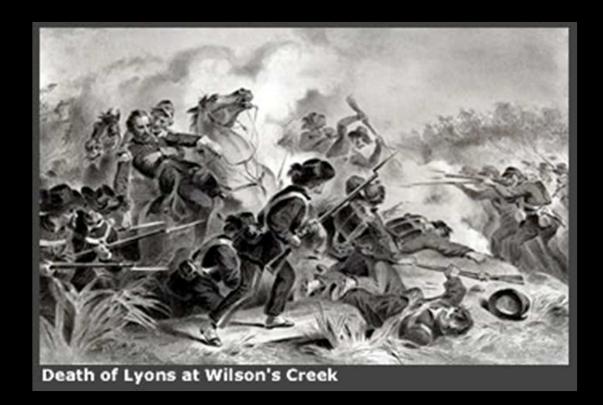
Had to Learn Conservation. . .



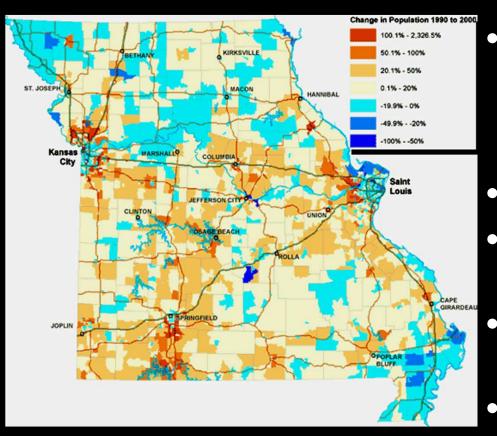
- Crisis and Necessity
 - Depletion
 - Flood
 - Erosion
 - Fire
- Ecosystems
 - Protection
 - Pro-action
 - Mixed Use

However, the historic Stresses:

- Human Migration and Population Growth
- Wars
- Economic Shifts
- Political Swings

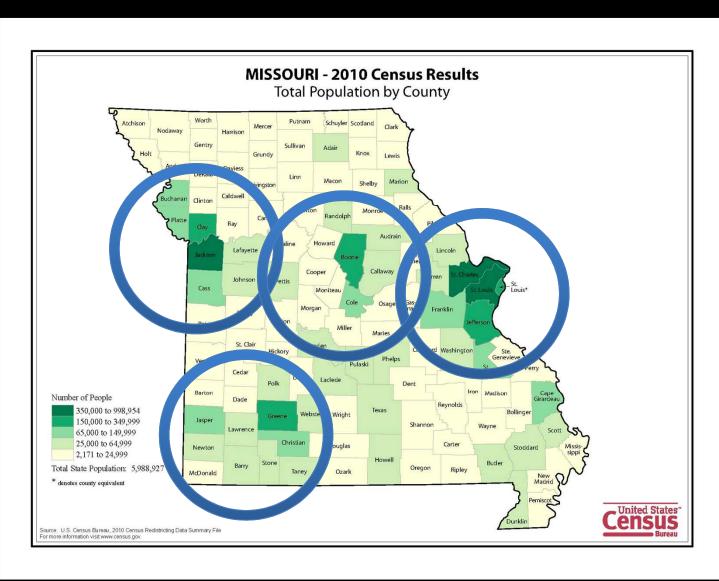


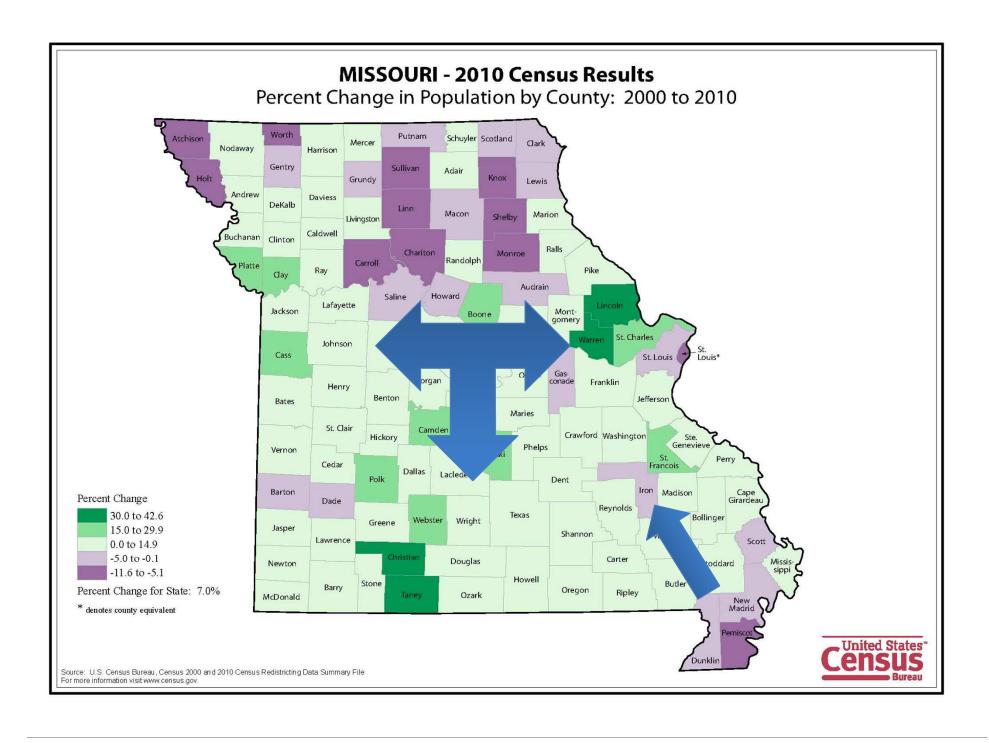
Population change over 20th Century (3,106,665 to 5,595,211)

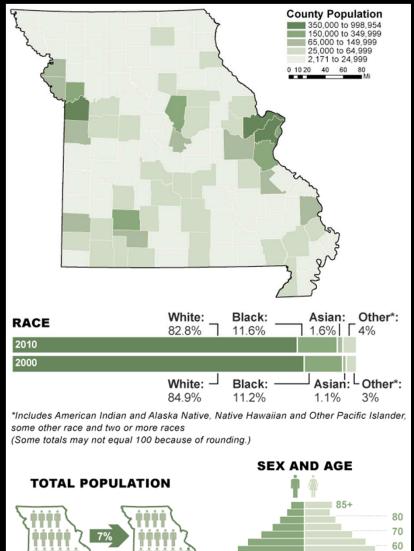


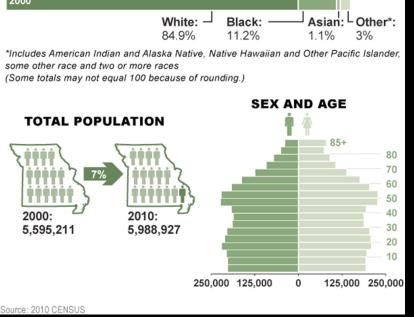
- Missouri percent of change lower than country
 - Low in depression years, high in peak baby boom years
- Lowest decade 1980s
- Decline in most northern agricultural areas
- Movement away from city centers to outlying areas
- Lake area growth

Consequent Population Density and Distribution

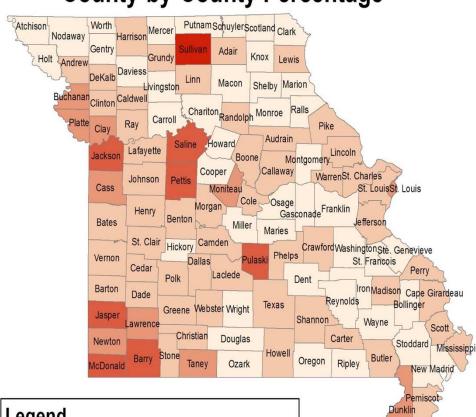


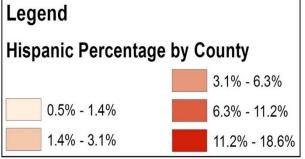






Hispanic Population in Missouri County-by-County Percentage

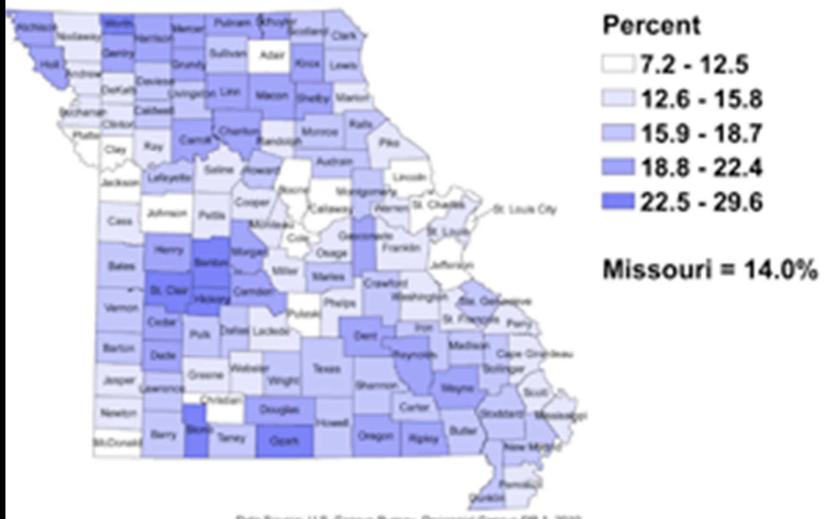




Source: 2010 U.S. Census Bureau

Author: Jacob McCleland

Percent of Population Age 65 and Over by County, 2010



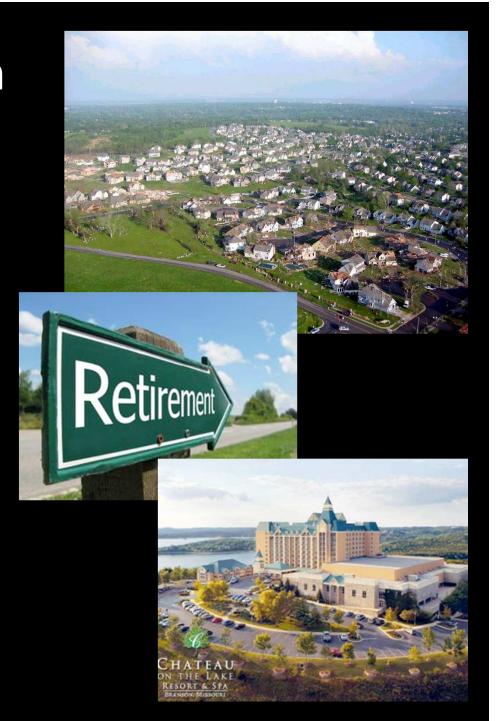
Data Source: U.S. Certaus Bureau, Decentral Certaus DP.1, 2010

Map Prepared By: University of Mesouri Extension, Office of Social and Economic Data Analysis (OSEDA)

Map Generated On: 19 May 2011

General Population Trends:

- Slowing overall growth
- Moving south
- Moving to urbanized areas
 - Center cities decline, while surrounding counties increase
- Aging population in southerly retirement areas
- More ethnic diversity



e.g. Retirement Residency

- The population pyramid
 - Baby Boomers retiring
- Decline in agriculture; increase in 'burbs
- Migration
 - Lakes 3 regions
 - Southern tier, central lakes, southeast
- Outdoors as Nostalgia

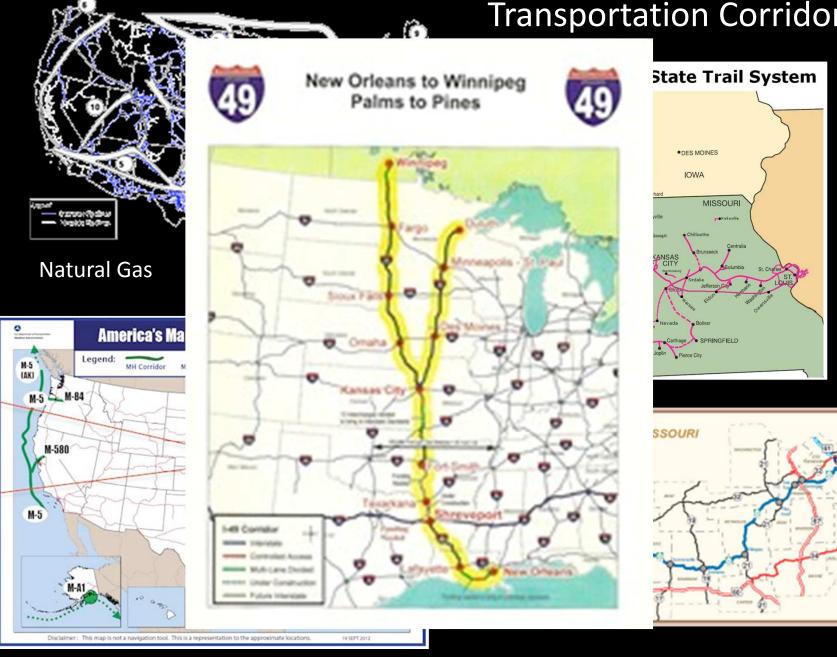


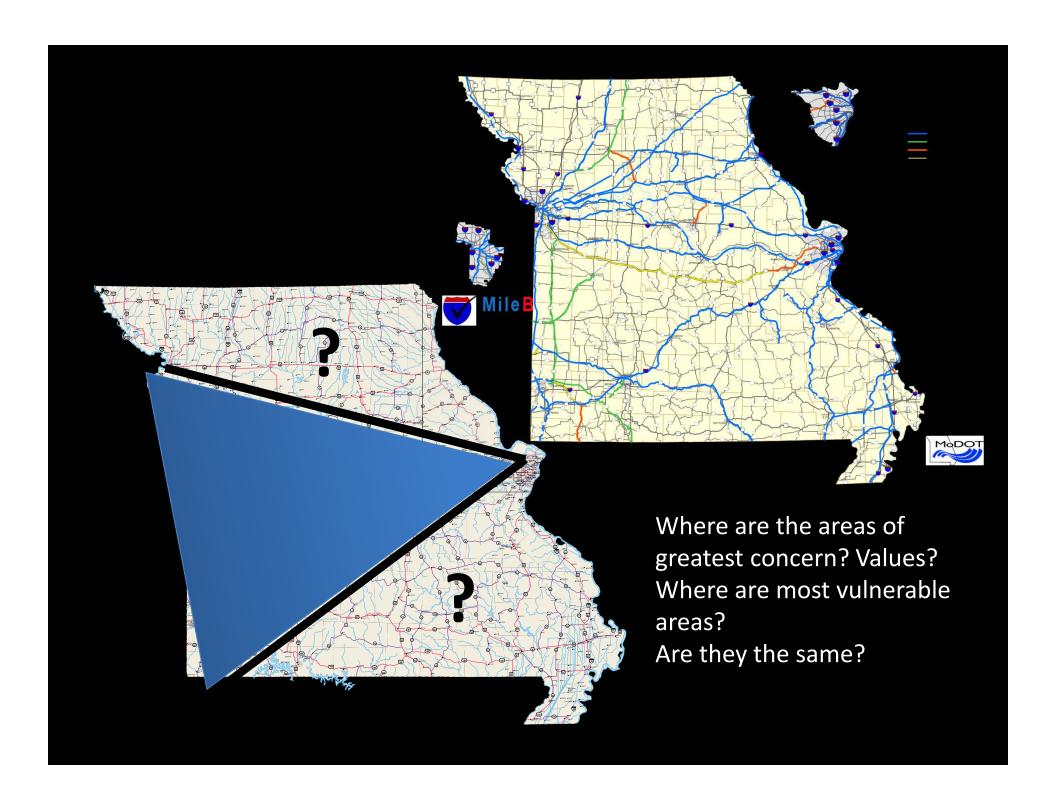
Urban or Rural or Exurban?

- Values and Attitudes
- Relationships
- Sustainability and Linkages
- Fear the Outdoors = "safe" outdoors?
- Appreciate the Outdoors = islands?

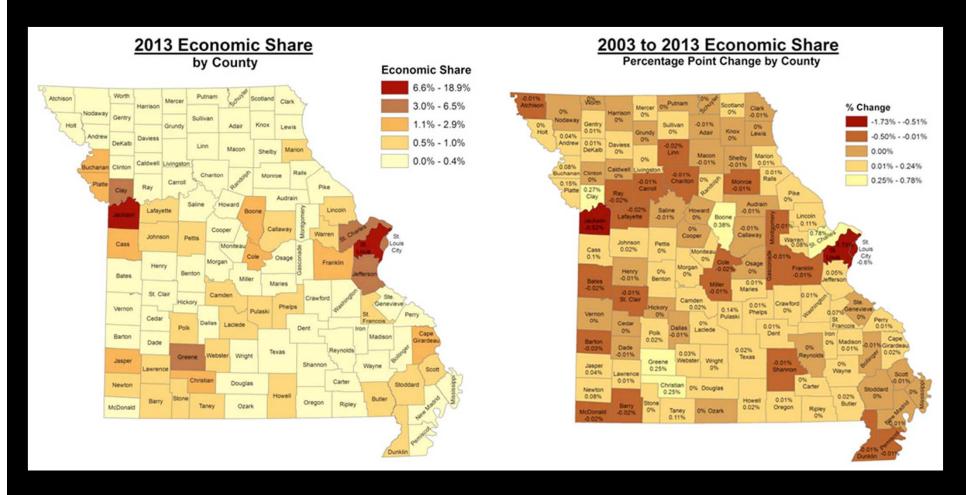


Transportation Corridors





Where is the Economy?



Short Term or Long Term Profits and Losses?

Will there need to be a Narrowing of Perspectives?

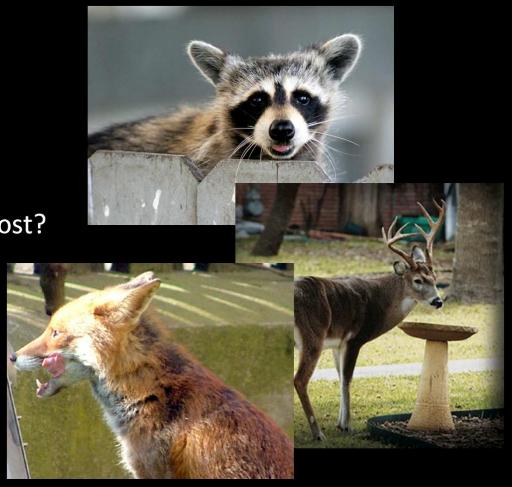
- Mobility
- Consumption
- Urban Advantages
- Networks

- Outdoor Recreation
- Healthy Natural Environment
- Open Space

At Odds?
Compromise?

The Emerging Systems

- Biological Diversity
 - Which do we end?
- Pollution
 - What health issues?
- Energy
 - At what environmental cost?
- Water
 - Quality and Quantity?
- Urban Systems
 - New ecologies?



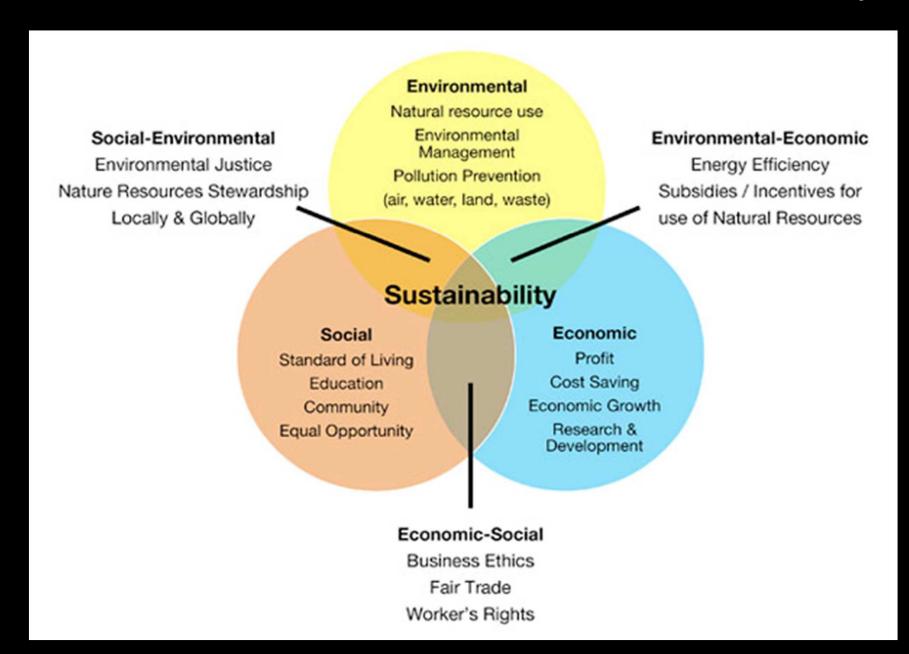
The Decisions: What do we do Where?





- Energy Consumption
 - Appropriate Sources
 - Transportation
- Ecological Zones
 - Preservation or Adaptation
 - Regional Integrity
- Urban Growth
 - Up and/or Out
- Type of Agriculture
 - Food, Fuel, Fiber, Feed
- Sustainability
 - interconnections

No one arena can dominate the others, and have sustainability.



What Kind of Culture?

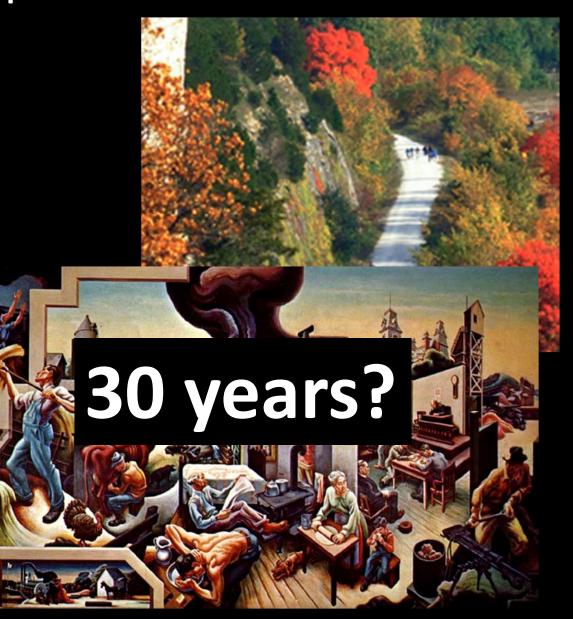
Consumption?

Regional Integrity?

• Fairness?

What Time Left?





Today we decide what kind of Missouri we want!

